N.C.P.I.—Crim 270A.25

OPERATING VESSEL WHILE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF AN IMPAIRING SUBSTANCE. MISDEMEANOR.

**JUNE 2017** 

N.C. Gen. Stat. § 75A-10(b1)

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270A.25 OPERATING VESSEL WHILE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF AN IMPAIRING SUBSTANCE. MISDEMEANOR.

The defendant has been charged with operating a vessel while under the influence of an impairing substance.

For you to find the defendant guilty of this offense, the State must prove two things beyond a reasonable doubt:

<u>First</u>, that the defendant was operating a vessel on the waters of this State.<sup>1</sup>

## And Second, that the defendant did so

- (a) [while defendant was under the influence of an impairing substance.] (Name substance involved) is an impairing substance.<sup>2</sup> The defendant is under the influence of an impairing substance when the defendant has [taken] [consumed] a sufficient quantity of that impairing substance to cause the defendant to lose the normal control of the defendant's [bodily] [mental faculties] [both], to such an extent that there is an appreciable impairment of [either] [both of these faculties.<sup>3</sup>]];
- (b) [after having consumed sufficient alcohol that at any relevant time after the boating, the defendant had an alcohol concentration<sup>4</sup> of [0.08] [more than 0.08] of alcohol [per 210 liters of breath] [per 100 milliliters of blood].<sup>5</sup> A relevant time is any time after the boating that the [operator] still has in the body alcohol consumed [before] [during] the boating].<sup>6</sup> The results of a chemical analysis are deemed sufficient evidence to prove a person's alcohol concentration.<sup>7</sup>

If you find from the evidence beyond a reasonable doubt that on or

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about the alleged date the defendant was operating a vessel on the waters of this State and that the defendant

- (a) [was under the influence of an impairing substance.];
- (b) [after having consumed sufficient alcohol that at any relevant time after the boating, the defendant had an alcohol concentration of [0.08] [more than 0.08] of alcohol [per 210 liters of breath] [per 100 milliliters of blood],

then it would be your duty to return a verdict of guilty. If you do not so find or have a reasonable doubt as to one or more of these things, it would be your duty to return a verdict of not guilty.

<sup>1</sup> See N.C. Gen. Stat. § 75A-2(6). "Waters of this State" means any waters within the territorial limits of this State, and the marginal sea adjacent to this State and the high seas when navigated as a part of a journey or ride to or from the shore of this State, but does not include private ponds as defined in N.C. Gen. Stat. § 113-129.

<sup>2</sup> An impairing substance includes alcohol, controlled substance under Chapter 90 of the General Statutes, or any other drug or psychoactive substance capable of impairing a person's physical or mental faculties, or any combination of these substances. N.C. Gen. Stat. § 20-4.01(14a).

<sup>3</sup> N.C. Gen. Stat. § 20-4.01(48a).

<sup>4</sup> N.C. Gen. Stat. § 20-4.01(0.2) defines alcohol concentration as "the concentration of alcohol in a person, expressed either as (a) grams of alcohol per 100 milliliters of blood; or (b) grams of alcohol per 210 liters of breath."

<sup>5</sup> The fact that a person charged with this violation is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol or a drug is not a defense. See N.C. Gen. Stat. §75A-10(b1).

<sup>6</sup> N.C. Gen. Stat. § 20-4.01(33a).

<sup>7</sup> The term "deemed sufficient" is not defined in N.C. Gen. Stat. § 20.138.1 or N.C. Gen. Stat. § 20-141.4, other statutes or any appellate court decisions. Absent a specific definition, it can be presumed that the legislature intended the words to be given their ordinary meaning.